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THE HAWAIIAN STAR.

The Hawaiian Star is the paper that goes into the best homes of Honolulu.

VOL. V.

HONOLULU, H. I., SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1898.

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AGENTS FOR THE FOLLOWING

BICYCLES:

The Well Known

ELDREDGE

The Unexcelled

VICTOR

The Up To Date

CRAWFORD

The Juvenile

ELFINE

—ALSO—

BICYCLE SUNDRIES

—SUCH AS—

TIRES

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ETC.

If you don't know what you want, our bicycle man, R. C. Geer, will help you out.



LIFE AND FIRE

Insurance Agents

—AGENTS FOR—

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL

Life Insurance Co.

OF BOSTON.

ETNA

FIRE

INSURANCE CO.

OF HARTFORD, CONN.



AMERICAN RULE IN MANILA

JOHN O. KNIGHT DESCRIBES ITS WORKINGS.

Correspondent of the Examiner, He is Returning on the Valencia, After Two Months in Manila.

John O. Knight, who accompanied the first expedition to Manila on the City of Sydney, as the representative of the Examiner, arrived this morning on the Valencia on his way home. He was in Manila during all the exciting times there, saw the bombardment of the city and the assault by the army. He is brimful of interesting information about operations there. On the subject of the civil government now in effect there he says:

When I left Manila everything was perfectly quiet and there seemed little likelihood of further trouble unless the insurgent leader, Aguinaldo, should be silly enough to provoke it. That he might do so was hardly considered probable, but not by any means impossible. The temporary authority enjoyed by this Indian in commanding a ragged lot of half-civilized natives does not sit well on him. He is inclined to toy with it like a child with a new plaything and may have to be brought up with a round turn.

The Americans now have the civil government of Manila well in hand. A provost marshal's office has been established in the walled city under the direction of Brigadier General McArthur, and Colonel Jewett has opened the judge advocate's office in the executive building, where General Merritt made his temporary headquarters before leaving for Paris. It may be said to the credit of the Spaniards and other residents of Manila that both of these officers have not found a great deal of work to do.

For the present the civil laws which obtained in the islands under Spanish rule will remain in force. The first week the regular police force, composed of native Filipinos, was retained to keep order, but they were relieved as soon as possible, and now all the police work is performed by the soldiers, who patrol their beats with their rifles slung over their shoulders.

The work of the custom house has been resumed under the direction of Colonel Charles A. Whittier. The old duties will remain in effect until the question as to the disposition of the islands shall be settled. The Spanish officers formerly employed in the custom house were given the privilege of remaining under the American management if they desired, but they all refused to enter the service of Uncle Sam. They were allowed to go and their places were filled by civilians and clerks from the army. There were a large number of natives employed in the office and these all accepted the offer to remain in the service.

Captain Glass of the cruiser Charleston, was appointed by General Merritt as captain of the port of Manila, and has been ably filling that position. The postoffice has also been Americanized and is now run as a United States office under the direction of Postmaster Vail. A two-cent stamp will now carry a letter from Manila to any part of Uncle Sam's domain.

When General Merritt left for Paris Major General Elwell S. Otis was left chief in command at Manila. He established his headquarters in the Palacio or executive building, vacated by General Merritt.

Comfortable barracks were found for the large number of troops now stationed there and the soldiers on the whole are well off. The health of the soldiers thus far has been very good, comparatively few fatalities having resulted from sickness. Now that the hot season is coming on considerable apprehension is felt, however, lest Manila may not prove to be a healthy place. During the two weeks before I left there several cases of malaria developed and others are likely to follow.

MESSANGER SERVICE.

Honolulu Messenger Service deliver messages and packages, Telephone, 378.

PHOTOGRAPHS OF HONOLULU.

Cyril O. Smith's new Honolulu photographs may now be obtained at the Woman's Exchange.

Which is cheaper? A warm foot and a shoe bill, or cold feet and a doctor's bill. Moral: McINERNEY'S SHOES.

Fine Repair Work.

When your Bicycle, Gun, Type-writer or any article of fine mechanism needs repairing and you wish a job which is certain to prove satisfactory, bring it to us and we will fix it for you and guarantee it fully.

We take pride in turning out only the very best of work and will call for and deliver it to any part of the city.

Pearson & Hobron

312 Fort street. Telephone No. 565. Opposite Lawers & Cooke's.

WHAT THE COMMISSION HAS DONE HERE

The Franchise As It Will Be in the Territory of Hawaii.

Judiciary to Remain As It Is—Citizenship Referred to Washington—Bills Already Prepared.

The Commission having finished its sittings in Hawaii and left for home it will now be in order to state what has been accomplished. At the outset it may be said that the work is completed, all but the finishing touches on the main report and one bill, on which President McKinley's wishes have to be consulted.

FORM OF GOVERNMENT.

While it is to be called the Territory of Hawaii, the government will be an enlarged territorial one, something half way between a territory and a state. Government by a commission or on the lines of the District of Columbia has never been seriously considered. In some matters Hawaii will be confined to the privileges of a territory, while in others it will have those of a state.

THE LEGISLATURE.

The Territory of Hawaii will have a legislature and will make its own laws, subject to approval or rejection by Congress. There will be no change from the present form of the legislature, and its numerical strength and apportionment of districts, etc., remains untouched.

CONGRESSMAN.

The new Territory of Hawaii will have one representative in Congress at present, but he will be a full fledged one, not an ordinary delegate with no vote, who can only be heard on questions concerning his own territory. The Congressman from Hawaii will have the same rights as one from Ohio, a concession made to the growing importance of Hawaii from a geographical, naval and military standpoint.

THE FRANCHISE.

The property qualification of \$1,500 in real or \$3,000 in personal estate to make an elector eligible to vote for the senate is done away with. To vote for a Senator in the Territory of Hawaii, an elector must possess an annual income from some source of \$500. In everything else the franchise is free and unrestricted by any qualification, educational or otherwise.

THE GOVERNOR.

The endorsement of the Washington members of the Commission has been eagerly sought by friends of Minister Sewall and President Dole early and often but the subject being a delicate one no reference to it will be made in the Commissioners' report. Being a Democrat Senator Morgan will have nothing to do with the question, believing that President McKinley's choice should be unhampered. It may be said that personally Senator Cullum's sympathies are with Minister Sewall while those of Congressman Hitt are for President Dole. It has been decided that the governorship of Hawaii is to be the much more important office than that of other new territories, consequently the salary will be commensurate with the office. It will be either \$6,000 a year, or \$3,000, with an extra thousand for expenses, practically the same thing. The salary and status of the office having been raised above the usual run of territorial governorships there will be no other candidates than those mentioned above, particularly in view of the possibilities of a United States Senatorship to be evolved in the future. It is for this reason that The Star learns that one of the foremost of Ohio's politicians, a gentleman high in the councils of President McKinley and the Republican party, a man who has only to ask for the position to obtain the appointment, is only awaiting the report of the Commission to make known his candidacy, and of course there will be any number of other applicants as soon as the amount of the salary becomes known.

THE JUDICIARY.

The present judiciary system of Hawaii will remain undisturbed. The supreme court will probably be given federal jurisdiction in United States cases and the judges will be appointed for four years instead of life.

THE CABINET.

Much has been said and written as to the position of the Cabinet before the Commission. Certain questions in writing were drawn up by the Commission and referred to the Cabinet for answer. They were answered in writing and the members of the Cabinet also gave such information to the Commission as was required of their several departments. In this connection it may be stated that the Commission takes back to Washington the most complete and exhaustive data concerning every detail of the different departments. Senator Cullum has a complete inventory of everything transferred to the United States under the Newlands resolution, even down to chairs and tables. Minister Damon has had to furnish elaborate statistics from the customs and postal bureaus, as well as complete statements of the present financial status of the government, the currency and coin in circulation, while the other

Ministers have had to furnish similar data from their departments. When the Commission deposits its records in Washington the officials there will be able to put their fingers on any data concerning Hawaii at a moment's notice.

RUMORS OF DIVISION.

There have been rumors on the street for several days that there was a division in the Commission and that its sittings here have not been as harmonious as might be. This is not so. While there have been differences of opinion there has been no dissension or acrimonious feeling. For instance, on the question of suffrage, there was a division. Senators Cullum and Morgan were opposed to any restriction while the two Hawaiian members wanted the present restrictions maintained. Congressman Hitt took the middle view, favoring a small income qualification and thus an agreement was finally reached.

THE CHINESE QUESTION.

It may be stated on this head that all memorials and petitions have been of no avail. The terms of the Newlands resolution and the Chinese Restriction Act are so strong as to leave the Commission no choice but to submit to the ironclad rules laid down.

THE BILLS PREPARED.

Contrary to the impression which has heretofore prevailed, the several bills, with one exception, which are to be presented with the report, are already prepared, and will go at once to the Congressional printing office. The Commission being empowered to present a report and such bills as may be requisite, it will not be necessary for the bills to be presented and by a vote passed to print, as is usual with new bills. The main report will be in manuscript for the President's use only, but it is considered likely that it will be incorporated in a special message to Congress and thus be made public.

CITIZENSHIP.

It is understood that the question of citizenship will be referred to the State Department at Washington for final decision. This being settled, the Commission has only to meet in Washington on November 14th, incorporate the decision in their report and final bill and their labors will be at an end.

JAPANESE BANKERS.

Arrive from London on Their Way Home.

A distinguished party of Japanese arrived in this city last night by the Coptic, on their way to Japan. They have been in London and the East for some time investigating the London and American banking systems. The party consists of K. Kawakami, Dr. F. Sekiba, K. Ito, S. Uyene and S. Akashi. K. Kawakami is a director of the Bank of Japan, the largest bank in that country and one of the largest in the world. The others of the party, with the exception of Dr. Sekiba, are also connected with the Bank of Japan in various capacities.

THE OHIO.

NEW YORK, September 14.—Secretary Long has directed that the battleship to be built by the Union Iron Works, San Francisco, shall be named the Ohio.

ISLAND TENNIS PLAYERS.

OAKLAND, September 16.—W. Brown and Earl Stone of Oakland defeated the Honolulu experts, William Roth and Wilder Wright, 6-3, 5-7, 6-3. The latter players are the best representatives of Honolulu that have ever been seen here, and they put up a game struggle during this match.

The pain of a burn or scald is almost instantly relieved by applying Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It also heals the injured parts more quickly than any other treatment, and without the burn is very severe does not leave a scar. For sale by Benson, Smith & Co., wholesale agents for the Hawaiian Islands. All druggists and dealers.

Drive away the blues and be happy. Gramophone will do it. Wall, Nichols & Co., agents.

WHY NOT BUY A SINGER?

You want a sewing machine? Then why not buy a Singer? There has been more of them sold than any other make. They wear longer, run lighter and do better work than any other make. They have never been a cut price machine, the workmanship on the Singer will not admit of cut prices. A few dollars in the original cost between a good machine and a poor one counts for nothing. B. Bergerson, agent, Bethel street.

FRESH VEGETABLES.

Waimea rhubarb, celery, cabbage and potatoes.

EDGAR HENRIQUES.

Masonic Temple. Telephone 444.

OUT FOR PASSENGER TRADE

THE OCEANIC RATES MET FROM OCTOBER 1ST.

Pacific Mail and Occidental and Oriental Lines Have Reduced Passenger Rates To and From the Coast.

The Pacific Mail and Occidental & Oriental steamship lines are out for the passenger traffic between this city and San Francisco and announce a reduction of rates to meet the present schedule of the Oceanic line. On and after October 1st, H. Hackfeld & Co., local agents of the lines, will sell single trip tickets to San Francisco for \$75 and round trip tickets, good for four months for \$125. On parties of fifteen or over a special round trip rate of \$100, good for four months will be made.

The reduction in rates went into effect in San Francisco before the sailing of the Coptic. The first steamer to be affected by the change of rates here will be the Doric, going up October 11th.

The Belgic will leave San Francisco on her last trip on November 15th. She is due to arrive at Hongkong on December 18th. From the latter port she goes to England. The first of the Japanese steamers in connection with the Pacific Mail will be the Nippon Maru. She sails from Hongkong on December 15th. The America Maru will leave Hongkong for San Francisco on January 14th and the Hongkong Maru on February 7th. The Peru of the Pacific Mail Company will be withdrawn from the route.

BIG COFFEE CARGO.

The Wilder steamer Maui, which arrived last night, brought the biggest cargo of coffee ever brought here in the island trade. She carried 1,140 bags from Horner's plantation, Kukaia.

VALENCIA RETURNS.

No Sickness Nor Deaths Among the Soldiers She Carried.

The S. S. Valencia, one of the transports of the third Manila expedition, Captain Lane, arrived off port early this morning and came up to Emmes' wharf about 6 o'clock. She came direct from Manila, leaving there September 3rd and making the trip in 21 days. She experienced good weather all the way. The stop at Honolulu was made for coal.

The Valencia had no sickness nor deaths among the soldiers she carried to Manila.

Lieutenant Randolph H. Miner, the executive officer of the collier Brutus, which conveyed the Monterey, and John O. Knight, special correspondent of the Examiner, are the only persons on her outside the ship's company. Lieutenant Miner was a volunteer officer and is returning to civil life.

The Valencia will sail as soon as she coals and hopes to get away tomorrow or Monday.

RED CROSS.

Mrs. Judd announces the following volunteers for the Red Cross work at Camps McKinley and Otis for the week beginning next Thursday. Still others are needed: Mrs. Dole, Mrs. Haywood, Mrs. F. J. Lowrey, Mrs. Ashford, Mrs. Scott, Mrs. O. Swain, Mrs. Hennigan, Mrs. O. Sosenen, Mrs. Develin.

BIBLE STUDY.

Sunday will be observed by the Y. M. C. A. as Bible Study Sunday. The address at the men's meeting in the afternoon will be given by Hiram Bingham, Jr., on "The Bible, what is it worth?" All members are urged to be present, and all young men are welcome. The regular Bible classes will begin the Sunday and week following.

The study of the Bible will be the general sermon theme at the evening services of the Central Union, the Methodist and Christian churches.

ESTATE VALUED AT \$10,000.

John Smith left an estate valued at this amount. The greater part was saved by buying goods at L. B. Kerr's, Queen street. See his advertisement and you will realize how it was done.

ISLAND RESIDENTS.

To the lovers of cycling who live on the islands outside of Oahu, the Sterling bicycle is the bicycle of all bicycles.

No necessity to worry about breaks, as the wheel is made to stand wear and tear. Pacific Cycle and Manufacturing Company, agents, Honolulu.

BIG BOOM.

There is a big boom on at Sachs' hosiery counter. The 50c hose that are now selling at 25c per pair won't last long, even at only six pairs to any one customer.

FRESH IMPORTS.

By the S. S. Australia, Camarinos received cherries, rhubarb, asparagus, celery, cauliflower, fresh salmon, crabs, flounders, oysters (in tins and shell), apples, grapes, figs, lemons, Burbank potatoes, pure olive oil, dried fruit, new crop of nuts, raisins, etc. California Fruit Market, King street.

NEW ENGLAND BAKERY.

If you want sweet, wholesome bread we can supply you. Our pies, pastry and ice cream cannot be beat.

WERE IN THE FIGHTING

HONOLULU BOYS AT MANILA GET PRAISE.

Were "In the Thickest of the Scrap"—Charlie Lubbeck Writes Entertainingly of Their Experiences.

Charles Lubbeck, who enlisted from here in the Tenth Pennsylvania, writes to his brother Harry as follows:

Manila, August 20, 1898.

A week ago today the American warships, at about 9:30 in the morning, commenced the bombardment of Manila and in less than an hour a white flag was hoisted by the Spaniards and the city surrendered. The work of the army was a vigorous charge on the Spanish line of breastworks from which the enemy was driven with a rush, leaving about 200 killed and twice that number wounded. The loss on our side was about ten killed and thirty wounded.

Upon entering town we were under fire nearly all the time from hidden squads of Spanish soldiers and we lost a few more men.

The other battle in which we lost the most men, was on the night of Sunday, July 31st. The Tenth Pennsylvania was the only full regiment in the fight and they were in the very worst of it and did the most fighting. Altogether eight men in our regiment were killed and about fifty wounded. All the boys from Honolulu were in the thickest of the scrap and were praised for the way they fought and the good work they did.

There was fighting every night for nearly a week after the battle of Sunday night and our side lost about a dozen men. The Spanish losses run up to nearly a thousand and perhaps more. I guess I plugged as many as a dozen myself. Henderson got three one night while on outpost, and Cook and Faneuf say they couldn't count all theirs.

We are now doing guard duty in the town, keeping order and not letting the insurgents in. The natives are sore on us because they had an idea we would give them the town when we took it. We are ready to give them all the fight they want if they look for it, and they will find it a different job to fight us than fighting the Spanish.

Two of the soldiers who were killed were murdered by the Spaniards the other night, consequently we have to stay close by our quarters.

Henderson and myself are in the same building and are together a good deal. Cook and Fan are quartered in a theater about half a mile away and we don't see them very often.

I got one letter from you so far, and hope another will come before long. I don't know how long we will be here, but hope we will be coming back to Hawaii nee before long.

CHARLES LUBBECK.

GRUGENHAGEN'S CONFECTIONS.

The confections prepared by the well known San Francisco confectioner, Grugenhagen, are as well known west of the Rockies as those of Guntner of Chicago. No one down town shopping, or from the outside towns ever thinks of leaving home without a box of Grugenhagen's confections.

The firm of J. T. Waterhouse have just placed an assorted stock of these famous sweets, which can be purchased by the pound or by the box.

COLD FACTS.

Cold facts are sometimes rather unpleasant things to hear, but are actually necessary for the public to know. The cold facts about the lines of harness and carriages we carry are that we believe them to be the best ever offered on this market for the money and our sales bear us out. Schuman's Carriage and Harness Repository.

AMERICAN MESSENGER SERVICE, Masonic Temple. Telephone 444.

LACES AND ORGANDIES.

Valencian laces, 25c a dozen yards; fine French organdies, 5c a yard, at L. B. Kerr's, Queen street.

Awarded

Highest Honors—World's Fair. Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair.

DR.

PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

In all the great Hotels, the leading Clubs and the homes, Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder holds its supremacy.

40 Years the Standard.

LEWIS & CO., Agents, Honolulu, H. I.